
settei Documentation

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Spoqa, Inc

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Configuration utility for common Python applications and services. FYI, “settei” () means settings in Japanese. :)

CHAPTER 1

Loading a configuration is easy

Suppose you use Flask with Settei.

```
from flask import Flask
from settei import Configuration, config_property

class WebConfiguration(Configuration):
    """Load Configuration::

        [web]
        debug = true

    """

    #: debug option
    debug = config_property('web.debug', bool, default=False)

conf = WebConfiguration.from_path(pathlib.Path('.') / 'dev.toml')
app = Flask(__name__)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=conf.debug)
```


CHAPTER 2

References

2.1 settei — App object holding configuration

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2.1.1 settei.base — Basic app object

class settei.base.Configuration(*config: typing.Mapping[str, object] = {}, **kwargs*)

Application instance with its settings e.g. database. It implements read-only `Mapping` protocol as well, so you can treat it as a dictionary of string keys.

classmethod from_file(*file*) → settei.base.Configuration

Load settings from the given `file` and instantiate an `Configuration` instance from that.

Parameters `file` – the file object that contains TOML settings

Returns an instantiated configuration

Return type `Configuration`

classmethod from_path()

Load settings from the given path and instantiate an `Configuration` instance from that.

Parameters `path (pathlib.Path)` – the file path that contains TOML settings

Returns an instantiated configuration

Return type `Configuration`

exception settei.base.ConfigWarning

Warning category which raised when a default configuration is used instead due to missing required configuration.

```
class settei.base.config_property(key: str, cls, docstring: str = None, **kwargs) → None
```

Declare configuration key with type hints, default value, and docstring.

Parameters

- **key** (`str`) – the dotted string of key path. for example `abc.def` looks up `config['abc']['def']`
- **cls** (`type`) – the allowed type of the configuration
- **docstring** (`str`) – optional documentation about the configuration. it will be set to `__doc__` attribute
- **default** – keyword only argument. optional default value used for missing case. cannot be used with `default_func` at a time
- **default_func** (`collections.abc.Callable`) – keyword only argument. optional callable which returns a default value for missing case. it has to take an `App` mapping, and return a default value. cannot be used with `default` at a time
- **default_warning** (`bool`) – keyword only argument. whether to warn when default value is used. does not warn by default. this option is only available when `default` value is provided

docstring

(`str`) The property indented `__doc__` string.

2.1.2 settei.presets — Richer presets for several frameworks

settei.presets.celery — Preset for Celery

```
class settei.presets.celery.WorkerConfiguration(config: typing.Mapping[str, object] = {},  
                                                **kwargs)
```

The application object mixin which holds configuration for Celery.

on_worker_loaded(app)

Be invoked when a Celery app is ready.

Parameters `app` (`celery.Celery`) – a ready celery app

worker_broker_url

The url of the broker used by Celery. See also Celery's and Kombu's docs about broker urls:

<http://docs.celeryproject.org/en/latest/configuration.html#broker-url> <http://kombu.readthedocs.org/en/latest/userguide/connections.html#connection-urls>

worker_config

(`typing.Mapping[str, object]`) The configuration maping for worker that will go to Celery. conf.

worker_result_backend

The backend used by Celery to store task results. See also Celery's docs about result backends:

<http://docs.celeryproject.org/en/latest/configuration.html#celery-result-backend>

worker_schedule

(`typing.Mapping[str, typing.Mapping[str, object]]`) The schedule table for Celery Beat, scheduler for periodic tasks.

There's some preprocessing before reading configuration. Since TOML doesn't have custom types, you can't represent `timedelta` or `crontab` values from the configuration file. To workaround the problem, it evaluates strings like '`f()`' pattern if they are appeared in a `schedule` field.

For example, if the following configuration is present:

```
[worker.celerybeat_schedule.add-every-30-seconds]
task = "tasks.add"
schedule = "timedelta(seconds=30)" # string to be evaluated
args = [16, 16]
```

it becomes translated to:

```
CELERYBEAT_SCHEDULE = {
    'add-every-30-seconds': {
        'task': 'tasks.add',
        'schedule': datetime.timedelta(seconds=30), # evaluated!
        'args': (16, 16),
    },
}
```

Note that although `timedelta` and `crontab` is already present in the context, you need to import things if other types. It can also parse and evaluate the patterns like '`module.path:func()`'.

Also args fields are translated from array to tuple.

See also Celery's docs about periodic tasks:

<http://docs.celeryproject.org/en/latest/userguide/periodic-tasks.html>

New in version 0.2.1.

settei.presets.flask — Preset for Flask apps

settei.presets.logging — Preset for logging configuration

Preset for apps holding logging configuration. Logging can be configured through TOML file e.g.:

```
[logging]
version = 1

[logging.loggers.flask]
handlers = ["stderr"]

[logging.loggers."urllib.request"]
handlers = ["stderr"]

[logging.loggers.werkzeug]
handlers = ["stderr"]

[logging.handlers.stderr]
class = "logging.StreamHandler"
level = "INFO"
stream = "ext://sys.stderr"
```

class settei.presets.logging.LoggingConfiguration(*config: typing.Mapping[str, object] = {}, **kwargs*)

Hold configuration for `logging`.

configure_logging() → None

Configure `logging`.

2.1.3 settei.version — Version data

`settei.version.VERSION = '0.3.0'`

(`str`) The version string e.g. '1.2.3'.

`settei.version.VERSION_INFO = (0, 3, 0)`

(`typing.Tuple[int, int, int]`) The triple of version numbers e.g. (1, 2, 3).

CHAPTER 3

Indices and tables

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